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# Weekly Wire



## New All-Time Highs All Around

By Rusty Vanneman, CMT, CFA, BFA™

Last week, the S&P 500, Dow Jones, and NASDAQ 100 stretched to new all-time highs. Japan hit new highs. Europe hit new highs.

The highlight in the stock market last week was the NVIDIA (NVDA) 4Q23 earnings call that was released last Thursday. In short, it positively beat expectations, and those expectations were high coming into the report. Record quarterly revenue grew a whopping 22% quarter over quarter and a stunning 265% from year ago (for comparison, the S&P 500 grew revenues only 4% last year, and that included NVDA's earnings. Source: Factset). In turn, NVIDIA added approximately \$277B to their market cap on Thursday representing the greatest single-day gain in stock market history. The total market cap for NVDA is now about \$2 trillion, as NVDA's stock price is now higher by over 200% over the last 12 months. Should the Magnificent Seven now just be considered the Magnificent One? Expectations remain high, though. The price to sales ratio for NVDA is now over 32x. For comparison, the S&P 500's P/S ratio is under 3x (which is near its own all-time P/S high at just over 3x).

Speaking of new reported all time-highs, this past week-end was the release of the annual Berkshire Hathaway (BRK) Shareholder Letter written by Warren Buffett. Berkshire now has — by far — the largest GAAP net worth recorded by any American business (BRK is also now closing in a \$1 trillion market cap.) As always, there were a lot of takeaways from the shareholder letter, including the massive cash that BRK has accumulated. Buffett's comments on this cash: "(We hold) a cash and U.S. Treasury bill position far in excess of what conventional wisdom deems necessary...We (do) not predict the time of an economic paralysis, but (are) always prepared for one... In most years — indeed in most decades — our caution will likely prove to be unneeded behavior — akin to an insurance policy on a fortress-like building thought to be fireproof. (We do) not want to inflict permanent financial damage — quotational shrinkage for extended periods can't be avoided... (our portfolio) is built to last." I would consider those words of wisdom to consider for most diversified and resilient long-term investment portfolios.

This coming week we will get a fresh print of the Fed's preferred inflation indicator, Personal Consumption Expenditures (PCE), along with quite a bit of Fed speak. After last week's reiteration in higher-for-longer interest rate sentiment, this new data could be telling on regarding the future direction near-term direction of inflation and interest rate expectations.

Add it all up...

**Stay invested. Stay diversified. Stay disciplined.**

If you have any questions or comments, please let us know at [strategists@brinkercapital.com](mailto:strategists@brinkercapital.com) or at [Rusty@Orion.com](mailto:Rusty@Orion.com). See you next week.

Interest Rates as of February 23, 2024		
Rate	This Week	1 Wk Δ%
13-Wk Treasury Yield	5.24%	0.02%
10-Yr Treasury Yield	4.26%	-0.04%
Bloomberg US Agg Yield	5.05%	-0.01%
Avg Money Mkt Yield	5.14%	-0.01%
Avg 30-Yr Mortgage Rate	7.28%	-0.01%

Sources: Yahoo Finance, S&P Global, Crane Data, BankRate

Key Economic Data This Week		
Point	Expectation	Release Date
New Home Sales	680,000	2/26/2024
Consumer Confidence	115.0	2/27/2024
GDP (First Revision)	3.3%	2/28/2024
Personal Income	0.3%	2/29/2024
Personal Consumption Expenditures (PCE)	2.4%	2/29/2024
Core PCE	2.8%	2/29/2024

Source: MarketWatch

Key Economic Data Last Week		
Data Point	Expectation	Actual
US Leading Economic Indicators	-0.3%	0.4%
Existing Home Sales	3.97M	4.0M

Source: MarketWatch, First Trust

Stocks, Bonds, Alternatives, & Real Assets as of February 23, 2024							
Security Name	Risk Score	1 Wk	1 Mo	QTD	YTD	1 Yr	3 Yr Ann.
Global Equities (60% US, 40% Intl)	100	1.41%	4.70%	4.54%	4.54%	21.45%	6.08%
S&P 500 Total Return	102	1.68%	4.76%	6.91%	6.91%	28.88%	11.17%
Dow Jones Industrial Average	97	1.30%	3.41%	4.10%	4.10%	20.54%	9.65%
NASDAQ 100 Total Return	122	1.44%	3.16%	6.73%	6.73%	48.49%	11.68%
TV Benchmark	107	1.47%	3.78%	5.91%	5.91%	32.64%	10.83%
Morningstar US Large Cap	102	1.70%	5.02%	8.04%	8.04%	33.85%	11.34%
Morningstar US Mid Cap	113	1.25%	4.04%	3.16%	3.16%	12.81%	5.26%
Morningstar US Small Cap	125	-0.06%	1.89%	0.03%	0.03%	10.38%	0.84%
Morningstar US Value	98	1.36%	3.12%	2.77%	2.77%	12.80%	9.71%
Morningstar US Growth	126	0.34%	4.16%	5.15%	5.15%	31.18%	3.66%
MSCI ACWI Ex USA	98	1.33%	4.96%	1.82%	1.82%	12.36%	0.79%
MSCI EAFE	101	1.44%	4.78%	2.51%	2.51%	14.67%	3.98%
MSCI EM	98	1.23%	6.12%	0.59%	0.59%	7.28%	-7.07%
Bloomberg US Agg Bond Index	27	0.25%	-0.40%	-1.77%	-1.77%	2.92%	-3.21%
Bloomberg Commodity Index	70	-0.78%	-1.81%	-2.49%	-2.49%	-5.09%	6.09%
Wilshire Liquid Alternative Index	25	0.52%	1.43%	1.68%	1.68%	6.54%	1.53%
US Dollar	10	-0.33%	0.61%	2.59%	2.59%	-0.60%	4.92%
Bloomberg US Treasury Bill 1-3mo	1	0.09%	0.48%	0.80%	0.80%	5.32%	2.48%

Source: Morningstar

The TV Benchmark represents an average of the S&P 500, Dow Jones IA, and NASDAQ 100 return indexes  
Orion Risk Score represents risk relative to the global equity market.

\*The Orion Risk Score represents risk relative to the global equity market. Table Sources: Morningstar, Yahoo Finance, S&P Global, Crane Data, BankRate, MarketWatch, First Trust.

# Brinker Capital Five Factor Stock Market Barometer



## Fundamentals

We invest to participate in company success. Over time, stock prices follow earnings.

**Fundamental indicators include factors such as corporate earnings, profitability, and the credit environment.**

- Earnings growth is expected to continue improving into 2024 and 2025. At year-end, earnings growth expectations are for double-digit growth in 2024 and 2025. have likely troughed, leading to a more constructive forward-looking outlook.
- GDP growth continues to surprise to upside. 4Q23 real GDP growth was 3.3%. GDP grew well above expectations in 2023 at +2.5%.
- Several leading indicators, however, such as an inverted yield curve, still suggest some potential weakness in 2024.

## Valuation

How much do we pay for those fundamentals? Starting points matter.

**Valuation indicators include factors such as price multiples, the CAPE ratio, and earnings yield vs. other asset classes.**

- Valuation measures point to an expensive domestic equity market.
- Current CAPE ratio is well above historical average which is consistent with below-average returns.
- Fed Funds rate exceeds the forward earnings yield of the S&P 500.
- Small cap, foreign developed, and emerging markets are relatively attractively valued.

## Interest Rates

Both the level and trend of interest rates impact earnings and valuations.

**Interest rate indicators include factors such as the interest rate environment, credit spreads, and inflation.**

- Yield curve has been inverted for the longest consecutive span since 1980; inversion has been a bearish market signal and fairly accurate indicator of future recessions.
- Inflation-adjusted interest rates remain high which is typically a headwind for risk assets.
- Investment grade and high yield spreads remain tight vs historical averages. They are “well-behaved” but potentially vulnerable. Wider spreads are often a precursor of equity weakness.
- Markets are aggressively pricing the end of the Fed’s rate hike cycle with deep cuts currently expected in 2024. If that’s the case, that will be a plus for risk assets.

## Policy

Monetary and fiscal policy impact interest rates, valuations, and earnings.

**Policy indicators include factors such as monetary and fiscal policy.**

- Domestic liquidity backdrop remains market-friendly.
- Fiscal policy is expected to be accommodative with current election cycle.
- Year-over-year change in M2 money supply remains negative, but is still above long-term trend. Year-over-year money supply, however, may have bottomed.
- Increased government spending in the face of rising debt service continues to pose longer-term threats to government funding and potential for robust fiscal policy response.

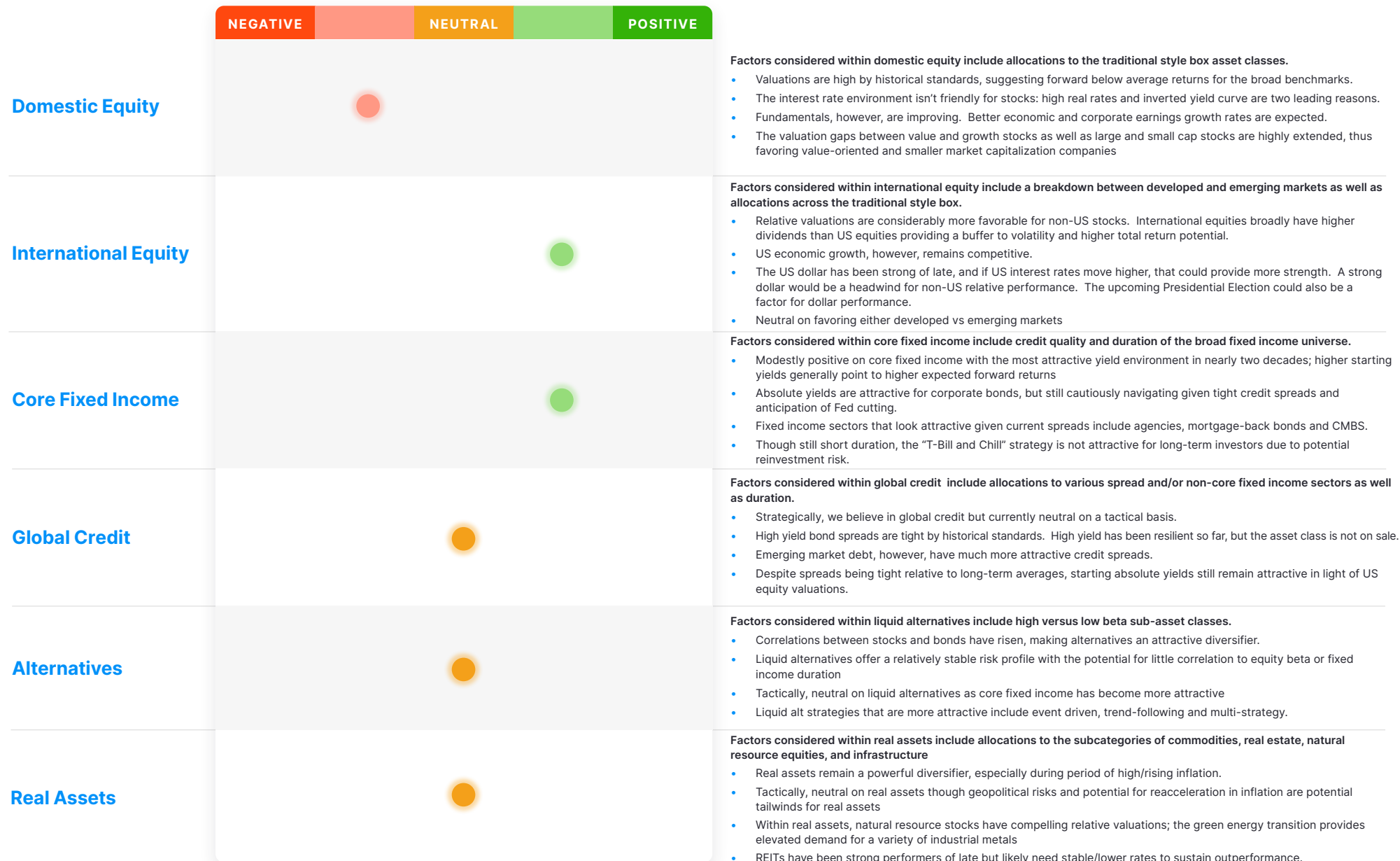
## Behavioral

Over the short term, the market is like a voting machine.

**Behavioral indicators include factors such as sentiment, momentum, trend, and breadth.**

- Price trends were positive at year-end and into the new year.
- New highs typically mean above-average returns moving forward.
- Seasonality is also bullish in the fourth year of the presidential election cycle, though not necessarily at the beginning of the fourth year.
- Investor (and consumer) optimism, however, is at higher levels, suggesting below average (albeit positive) returns in the months and quarters to follow.

# Brinker Capital Asset Class Barometer



# Disclosures



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